Deykin Avenue J.I. School – Relationships and Health Education scheme of work for Year 4

British Values and Law	Healthy Relationships	Keeping Myself Safe	My Healthy Body
	Unit 1: British Values		
Pupils should know	Suggested Teaching and Learning Act	tivities	Links to RSHE
 that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up. that in school and wider society, they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn, they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority. (Regardless of gender, race, religion, sexuality, disability, beliefs, etc. Religious views can still be taken into account, but English law treats everyone as equals and respect must be given. Begin to look at hate crimes.) what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive. (Look at, eg, job opportunities and gender/race gap regarding job titles or equal pay.) what is meant by mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and how we can support this. (Extend this to people with no faith.) about democracy and how they can participate in the decision making some of the rules/laws that young people tend to break and why 	 relationships the children have relationships different for adults Look at different types of familie well as the differences. Some of live with just one parent; some share love and care for each of Little white girl wants to buy a b perfect response for cashier wh End the gender pay gap - Kids Children's views about the gen points/thoughts. Kids Explain W YouTube Introduce the fact that there is a is called the UN Convention for www.unicef.org/crc/) Ask the children if these rights difference do they make? In groups, children play board g and discuss the rules. Why are were no rules? It is important to the sport, etc. Why are those rules rules fair to everyone? What h discussion and think about what changed. Point out when every children can take part in 'demo links to rules in society – the late 	es – discuss what they have in common children have two moms/dads; some ch children are adopted. Very different bu	who care for me • Respectful relationships • Respectful relationships • Tube • Respectful relationships • Tube • Respectful relationships

Unit 2: Healthy Relationships			
Pupils should know	Suggested Teaching and Learning Activities	Links to RSHE	
 the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties. (Why do you think these are characteristics of friendships?) that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right. (Think about how they react when they fall out with their friends and the emotions that are involved.) the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness. (This all links with friendships and relationships to others.) the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults. (Make links to equal power in friendships – if not equal, one person could be seen as bullying the other.) about different types of bullying, the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders and how to get help. (How these unhealthy relationships can be damaging to a person's mental and physical wellbeing.) how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to seek 	 Circle time, making positive statements about each other <i>"I appreciate because"</i>. Drawing a network of special people; illustrating relationships in diagrammatic form; identifying different family members, friends, etc. Circle time <i>"A friend is someone who", "I am a good friend when"</i>. Watch Little Voices: What Makes a Good Friend? - YouTube to listen to children's ideas of what a friend is. Do they agree? Sometimes we fall out with our friends – what do we need to do to make friends again? Discuss things we can do, and things we must never do. Friendships are based on equality – there is not a leader who decides what 	 Families and people who care for me Caring friendships Respectful relationships 	

 help or advice from others, if needed. how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed. 	 ONLINE BULLYING EVOLVE I can recognise when someone is upset, hurt or angry online. I can describe ways people can be bullied through a range of media (e.g. image, video, text, chat). I can explain why people need to think carefully about how content they post might affect others, their feelings and how it may affect how others feel about them (their reputation). 	

Unit 3: Keeping Myself Safe			
Pupils should know	/	Suggested Teaching and Learning Activities	Links to RSHE
and others (in context). (Em of online and giving person meetings stra your friends.)	n friendships with peers including in a digital phasise the importance real-life safety, eg, not al data away, not ingers – they are not	 Ask the children to think of times when something inappropriate may happen in a friendship. (Children may need a definition of 'inappropriate'.) What boundaries make friendships appropriate? (Discuss equality of power; one person does not deliberately upset or hurt another friend, etc.) Discuss secrets – cards with different kinds of secrets on. Which are good to keep and why? Which are bad to keep and why? Discuss the physical contact that is generally acceptable and that which is unacceptable. Is it okay if an adult you know, eg, aunt, grandparent, parent, etc, demands you let them hug or kiss you? Why do you not hug or kiss school 	 Being safe Drugs, Alcohol and Tobacco Health and Prevention Online Relationships
implications o adults, includi right to keep s being safe. (E bad secrets.)	examples of good and	 staff? (Discuss this is not appropriate – safeguarding issues. Younger children may hug staff, but this is not actively encouraged by the staff. Children grow out of this.) Watch first part of <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vbM0SLcqZa8</u> – My Underpants and explain that if a doctor etc needs to examine us, they always ask our permission first. Who else may need to see our private parts and why? 	
them, and the appropriate a unsafe physic (PANTS rule	son's body belongs to e difference between and inappropriate or cal and other, contact. -safeguarding.)	 What can they do if they are made to feel uncomfortable? Watch Run, Run, Run, Yell and Tell to discuss what to do if an adult or someone else tries to hurt us <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g0dHB3HWzbY</u>. Practical activity using play road equipment – how to use the zebra 	
of being unsa (Trusted adult eg, taking a s puts them in c consequence	s.)	 Practical activity dsing play road equipment – now to use the Zebra crossing/lights. PCSO in to talk to the children about the importance of wearing a seat belt. Maybe around in mornings/home time to speak to the parents as well. Never swim alone - <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g0dHB3HWzbY</u>. Dangers of canal swimming - <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nSiUDBkTsNI</u> Ask the school nurse to come in and discuss the risks of smoking and drinking 	
pedestrian, ar wearing seat	nd the importance of belts.	alcohol. Emphasise that the age limit in this country to do both is 18 as this is when you legally become an adult. Why do you think the age limit is 18, when	
how to avoid		 you can learn to drive at 17? Design a poster showing the risks of smoking or drinking alcohol. Wateh Why Should You Water Support on 21 Bady Science for Kide. YouTube 	
harmful subst risks, includin and drug-takin and alcohol u	ances and associated g smoking, alcohol use ng. (Focus on smoking se – why do people rink alcohol? What are	 Watch <u>Why Should You Wear Sunscreen?</u> Body Science for Kids - YouTube to show the science of sunburn. More detailed video at <u>Why you need</u> <u>SUNSCREEN SPF for Kids - YouTube</u>. Watch <u>How Germs Spread Explaining the Science for Kids - YouTube</u> about the prevention of germs and how to kill them. Make links to safe food preparation/storing of food. Eg, incorrect storing or cooking of meat can cause us to be very ill. 	

- about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer. (Make explicit the need to cover up in the sun, and the importance of wearing a high factor sun block.)
- about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing. (Make links to Covid and the importance of washing hands after using the toilet. Also include the importance of washing/bathing daily as their bodies are developing.)
- how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associate with people they have never met. (This is particularly important for children playing online games. Also link to eg, Tic Toc, Snap Chat, etc which despite not being old enough to legally use, they still do.)

- Discuss their use of the internet. Do they chat to unknown people and consider them to be their friends?
- Ask why social media sites and online games have an age limit on them has anyone spoken to 'friends' who they do not know in real life? Set up a fake session using a member of staff who is pretending to be a child to show how easily adults can do this.

SELF IMAGE EVOLVE

- I can explain how my online identity can be different to my offline identity.
- I can describe positive ways for someone to interact with others online and understand how this will positively impact on how others perceive them.
- I can explain that others online can pretend to be someone else, including my friends, and can suggest reasons why they might do this

Unit 4: My Healthy Body			
Pupils should know	Suggested Teaching and Learning Activities	Links to RSHE	
 Pupils should know about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist. (Remind the children that if they don't look after their adult teeth, they don't get a third set.) the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating. (Look at illnesses such as rickets, diabetes, obesity which are all associated with a poor diet.) the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity). (Look at the effects on your heart in particular.) the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking. (Focus on prescribed medication – discuss that these are legal when prescribed by a doctor/pharmacist. Why we should not share prescribed medication.) the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle. (Look at how a healthy lifestyle can positively impact on our mental and physical wellbeing.) the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn. 	 Suggested Teaching and Learning Activities Invite a dentist or the school nurse to talk about dental hygiene. Use disclosing tablets (with parental permission) so children can see where they need to brush more often. Ask the children to plan a poster (possibly for different audiences, e.g. younger children) explaining different ways they can look after their teeth. Make a healthy meal that the children could make easily at home and let them taste it. (Parental permission first.) Look at risks associated with being inactive and the impact on our bodies. Sedentary Lifestyle and Obesity - YouTube Visit from school cook, school nurse, a worker who works with food. Quiz on food hygiene. Physical education, lunchtime games, clubs; importance of warm-up and cooldown exercises. Survey of exercise taken by class members. Round game: Change places if you have cleaned your teeth this morning or had a wash or put on clean underwear (sensitivity required) Work in groups to develop a board game using the same principle as Snakes and Ladders – to promote dental hygiene; a healthy? How do people manage asthma and diabetes medication? Write a 'class rap' for eg, keeping healthy; good dental hygiene; prescribed medication; etc. Keep a sleep diary – then look at behaviours, attitude, concentration at school. Discuss the consequences of a lack of sleep on physical, mental and social abilities. Make links to effects of going to bed but playing on games, watching TV etc. 	Links to RSHE Health and Prevention Healthy Eating Physical Health and Fitness Drugs, Alcohol and Tobacco 	